

**8.02**  
**Issues In Kidnapping**

To sustain the charge of kidnapping, the State must prove the following propositions:

*First Proposition:* That the defendant acted knowingly; and

*Second Proposition:* That the defendant secretly confined \_\_\_\_\_ against [(his) (her)] will.

[or]

\_\_\_\_\_ *Second Proposition:* That the defendant, by force or threat of imminent force, carried from one place to another place; and

*Third Proposition:* That when the defendant did so, he intended secretly to confine \_\_\_\_\_ against [(his) (her)] will.

[or]

*Second Proposition:* That the defendant, by deceit or enticement, induced \_\_\_\_\_ to go from one place to another place; and

*Third Proposition:* That when the defendant did so, he intended secretly to confine \_\_\_\_\_ against [(his) (her)] will.

If you find from your consideration of all the evidence that each one of these propositions has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt, you should find the defendant guilty.

If you find from your consideration of all the evidence that any one of these propositions has not been proved beyond a reasonable doubt, you should find the defendant not guilty.

**Committee Note**

720 ILCS 5/10-1 (West 2020).

Insert in the blanks the name of the victim.

When accountability is an issue, ordinarily insert the phrase “or one for whose conduct he is legally responsible” after the word “defendant” in each proposition. See Instruction 5.03.