HOW TO FILE AN APPELLANT'S REPLY BRIEF WITH THE ILLINOIS SUPREME COURT

NOTE: If there are any words or terms used in these instructions that you do not understand, please visit Illinois Legal Aid Online at <u>ilao.info/glossary</u>. For more information about going to court, including how to fill out and file forms, call or text Illinois Court Help at 833-411-1121 or go to <u>ilcourthelp.gov</u>.

What is an Appellant's Reply Brief?

An *Appellant's Reply Brief* tells the Illinois Supreme Court why you disagree with the arguments in the *Appellee's Brief*.

Who can use the Appellant's Reply Brief form?

- The appellant files the Appellant's Reply Brief. If you filed the Petition for Leave to Appeal, you are the appellant. (Your opponent is called the appellee.)
- You are not required to file a Reply Brief, and your failure to file a Reply Brief does not mean that you will lose the appeal.

When do I file the Appellant's Reply Brief form?

 In general, your Appellant's Reply Brief must be filed within 14 days after the due date for the Appellee's Brief.

SPECIAL DEADLINES IN CERTAIN CASES:

- If the appeal involves parental responsibility or parenting time (custody or visitation), relocation of a child, a delinquent minor, or pretrial release, the Appellant's Reply Brief must be filed within 7 days after the due date for the Appellee's Brief.
- Be sure to ask the Supreme Court Clerk's office for the schedule that applies to your case. If you need more time to file your Appellant's Reply Brief, you may file a Motion asking for more time, but you will need to give the Supreme Court a very good reason. See Supreme Court Rule 361(f). By signing your motion, you are verifying the truth of your statements under penalty of perjury.
- You must file a motion for extension of time long before your Appellant's Reply Brief is due.
 However, the Court is not required to give you an extension.

Where can I find the forms I need?

- You can find the forms you need at: ilcourts.info/forms.
- You can also ask the Supreme Court Clerk for a copy.

What costs will I need to pay to file my *Appellant's Reply Brief* form?

None.

Is there a page or word limit?

- Yes. The Appellant's Reply Brief—not including the cover, the certificate of compliance, and the proof of service—must be no more than 20 pages or 6,000 words.
- If you need more than 20 pages or 6,000 words, you may file a *Motion* with the Illinois Supreme Court to ask for permission to file an *Appellant's Reply Brief* with more pages or words. You should file a *Motion* asking for more pages or words **before** your *Reply Brief* is due.

How do I fill out the Appellant's Reply Brief form?

- Fill out the form online or print it and fill it out by hand. If you fill it out by hand, you must print neatly.
- You will have to add pages to the form, particularly in the Supplementary Appendix, and you might have to remove pages from it. If you have access to a computer with a PDF editing program (such as Adobe Acrobat), you can add or remove pages electronically. Otherwise, you will have to print out the form and add and remove pages by hand.
- The Appellant's Reply Brief form contains several sections. The instructions for each section are:

Cover

- The first page (cover) must be printed on light yellow paper.
- Check the top box if the appeal involves parental responsibility or parenting time (custody/visitation rights), or relocation of a child. Check the second box if your case involves delinquent minor proceedings. Check the third box if your case involves pretrial release.
- Enter the Illinois Supreme Court case number (which you will receive from the Supreme Court Clerk).
- If the case was given a name beginning with "In re" (e.g., "In re Marriage of Jones"), enter that name on the line next to "In re." If this does not apply to your case, leave the line blank.
- Then, provide the name of the trial court case. Enter the names of the plaintiff/petitioner (the party who filed the trial court case) and the defendant/respondent (the party the case was filed against). Finally, check the box next to "Appellant" for your name and check the box for "Appellee" under the other party's name.

- Enter the appellate district and appellate court case number.
- Enter the trial court county, case number, and judge's name.
- Enter your name, address, and phone number. The email address (if you have one) and mailing address you put on the *Appellant's Reply Brief* is where important legal documents will be sent to you. You should use an email account that you check every day. If you do not check your email every day, you may miss important information or documents from other parties.

Argument

- Enter the title of each argument from your original Appellant's Brief.
- However, do not repeat your original argument under each title. Instead, explain why the appellee's response (in the *Appellee's Brief*) to your original argument is wrong.
- To help you do this, use cases, statutes (laws), etc., and references to the pages of the record on appeal. Refer to pages of the common law record as "C [page]." Refer to pages of the report of proceedings as "R [page]."
- The form includes room for 3 arguments. If you need to make more than 3 arguments in your Appellant's Reply Brief, fill out and insert one or more Additional Argument forms into the main form.
- Once you have added all your arguments, number the pages of your *Appellant's Reply Brief*, starting with the argument page (it's numbered for you).

Certificate of Compliance

- Enter the length of your brief (number of pages or words) and check the box to show if you counted the pages or words.
- Certify that you have followed the rules for briefs, especially the page or word limit, by signing and printing your name on the certificate of compliance.

Proof of Delivery

Form #

Show how you are sending your *Appellant's Reply Brief* to the other parties - (see Step 1, below).

Supplementary Appendix

- You do not have to attach a Supplementary Appendix.
- Include a Supplementary Appendix if there are documents from the record on appeal that you think would be helpful to the Illinois Supreme Court, but only if you did not already attach those documents to your original Appellant's Brief.
- Add the documents after the Supplementary Appendix page and number them (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, etc.).

List each document in your Supplementary
 Appendix in the order you attached them, and add
 the page number (SA-1, SA-2, etc.) where each
 document starts.

What do I do after I fill out the Appellant's Reply Brief form?

Step 1: Send your *Appellant's Reply Brief* to all other parties.

- You must send your Appellant's Reply Brief to the other parties in the case. However, if any party has a lawyer, you must send your Appellant's Reply Brief to the lawyer.
- If you and the person you're sending the *Appellant's Reply Brief* to have an email address, you must send it by email or by notification through the e-filing system. If you or the person you're sending the *Appellant's Reply Brief* to does not have an email address, you may give it to the other parties by personal hand delivery, mail, or third-party commercial carrier (for example, FedEx or UPS).
- Complete the Proof of Delivery with information to show how you sent your Brief to each party. The Proof of Delivery has room for 3 parties. If you send your Appellant's Reply Brief to more than 3 parties, fill out and add one or more Additional Proof of Delivery pages to your Appellant's Reply Brief form.

Step 2: File your *Appellant's Reply Brief* with the Illinois Supreme Court.

E-filing:

- You must file your Appellant's Reply Brief by the filing deadline that applies to your case. If you are uncertain as to when the filing deadline is, call the Supreme Court Clerk's office at 217-782-2035.
- After you fill out your court forms, file them with the Illinois Supreme Court. This is done by electronic filing, called 'e-filing.'
- You do not have to e-file if you qualify for an exemption (see "Not E-Filing" below), or your case involves a criminal matter.
- Most people e-file their forms using Odyssey eFileIL at ilcourts.info/efile.
- Follow step-by-step instructions and watch videos that walk you through the steps for e-filing at ilcourts.info/EfileHowTo.
- E-filing is easier on a computer. It may not work on a cell phone or tablet.
- If you do not have access to a computer or if you need help e-filing, take your completed forms to a public library, or a Circuit Clerk, Appellate Clerk, or Supreme Court Clerks' office. These places offer public computers where you can e-file your forms.
 - You can bring your forms on paper or saved on a flash drive. The public computer will have a scanner where you can turn your paper forms into electronic files.

 Librarians and courthouse staff may be able to help you e-file, but they cannot provide legal advice.

Not E-filing:

- Some people are not required to e-file, which means they can file paper forms at the courthouse or by mail. People who do not have to e-file are:
 - inmates in prison or jail who do not have a lawyer.
 - people with a disability that keeps them from efiling.
- You may also qualify for an exemption from e-filing if you:
 - Do not have Internet or computer access in your home, and it is hard for you to travel.
 - Have trouble reading, writing, or speaking English.
 - Are filing documents in a sensitive case, such as an order of protection.
 - Tried to e-file your forms, but you were not able to because the equipment or help you needed was not available.
- You must file the original Certification for Exemption from E-Filing form with the Illinois Supreme Court Clerk's office.

Step 3: Mail paper copies to the Court.

 Once your filing is accepted, you will have to mail 13 bound copies of your Appellant's Reply Brief to:

> Clerk of the Illinois Supreme Court 200 E. Capitol Ave. Springfield, IL 62701-1721

 The bound paper copies must show the Clerk's electronic file stamp on the yellow cover page.

Step 4: Wait for oral argument, if any.

- After all the briefs are filed, the Illinois Supreme Court will notify the parties whether it will hear oral argument or not. (The Court is not required to have oral argument even if you asked for it on your Appellant's Brief.)
- If the Court is going to hear oral argument, it will send you a notice of oral argument.
- You must respond to the notice and tell the Court if you will appear and argue or not.
- If you appear and argue, you must arrive on time for the court date. Explain your argument to the justices when they ask you. Be prepared to answer any questions.
- If the Court decides not to have oral argument, you will receive a notice that the Court will decide the case based on the briefs that were filed.

Step 5: Wait for the Court's decision.

- The Illinois Supreme Court will send you a written decision. This might take several months.
- If you think that the Court overlooked or misunderstood any of your points, you may file a Petition for Rehearing, which is due within 21 days after the date of the decision. You must point out errors in the decision; you are not allowed to reargue your case.

(xx/xx)